

WISCONSIN'S WILDLIFE

Key Concept: *Understand that wildlife species have specific adaptations to their environment and they interact with both living and non-living components of their habitat.*

- Wildlife adapt to their environment allowing them to interact with both living and non-living components of their habitat.
- Biotic factors, abiotic factors, and adaptations describe a niche and allow a species to survive, prosper, and procreate.
- Animals may exhibit both physical and behavioral adaptations.
- A variety of techniques are used to manage game, non-game, and species of special concern, such as imperiled and invasive species.
- Habitat includes four components: food, shelter, cover and water.



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